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文法学習用テキスト

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改訂版 *EARTHRISE English Grammar in 33 Stages*

(33 アースライズ英文法)

改訂版 *EARTHRISE English Grammar in 26 Stages*

(26 アースライズ英文法)

改訂版 *EARTHRISE English Grammar in 22 Stages*

(22 アースライズ英文法)

生徒用別冊解答編付／教授用資料完備／数研テストマスター完備

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◆QR コードから以下の活動が可能！

例文の音声再生／〈数研発音マスター〉でスピーキング練習／参考書の一部コラムの参照

◆チャート×ラボから授業用板書スライドデータ (PowerPoint／Google スライド),

Google フォーム／Microsoft Forms テストデータ (レディメイドタイプ) がご利用いただけます。

本課 (『33 アースライズ英文法』)

※以下は改訂版のサンプルです。

7 助動詞 (1)

1-1 can (過去形: could)

01. Ryo can run 50 meters in seven seconds.
02. Can I take a photo of the map with my smartphone? — Sure.
03. It can be quite hot even in November.

1. 能力・可能 (〜できる) ※ 否定形 cannot (can't) (we can not)
● Can I walk to the museum from here? — Sure. It's only five minutes from here. (可能)
● Can I be able to do (〜できる) ※ はらの助動詞といふように、または完了形で、
You will be able to order the book online in two weeks. (will can)
2. 許可 (〜してもよい) ※ 否定形 cannot (can't) (we can not)
● Can I borrow your dictionary? — Sure. (許可)
● Can you go? (〜してもらえますか) (依頼) ※ 家族や友人など親しい関係で使われる。
● Can you be able to do (〜できる) ※ はらの助動詞といふように、または完了形で、
You will be able to order the book online in two weeks. (will can)
3. 可能性 (〜かもしれない) ※ 否定形 cannot (can't) (we can not)
● Can it be raining? (〜かもしれない) (推測) ※ 推測や可能性で使われる。
● Can the runner be true? (〜かもしれない) (推測) ※ 推測や可能性で使われる。
● Can the runner be true? (〜かもしれない) (推測) ※ 推測や可能性で使われる。
● Can the runner be true? (〜かもしれない) (推測) ※ 推測や可能性で使われる。

1-2 may (過去形: might)

04. May I ask you a question? — Sure.
05. It may be hot tomorrow.

1-3 must (過去形: had to)

06. All passengers must wear seat belts.
07. John came here on an overnight bus, so
08. I must report this case to the police? — I can't (cannot)
09. I must report this case to the police? — I can't (cannot)

EXERCISES

1 Complete the sentences. Use can, can't, or be able to in the correct form. (1-1)

1) My father worked in Brazil for three years, so he () speak Portuguese.
2) () I get out of bed now? — No, you (). You still have a slight fever.
3) I can't see you tomorrow, but I will () see you on Friday.
4) () the news be true?
5) The fire quickly spread, but it () have been contained.

2 Choose the better option.

1) This is the end of the interview.
2) Daiki was studying late last night.
3) It's getting dark. We can / must go home now.
4) You've been walking all day, so you must / can't be tired.
5) This museum is free. You must / can't pay for it.

3 Correct the underlined parts if necessary. Draw a circle "O" if it's correct.

1) Who is that boy with Ellen? — I'm not sure. He may be her brother.
2) Peter can't be lying. He's an honest person.
3) My flight was delayed, so I must change my plan. I couldn't visit my uncle.
4) Professor Smith may hand in the paper tomorrow?

4 Complete the passage by putting the verbs in the correct form.

Communication 1 () (change) a lot over the past 150 years. Before that, sending letters and telegrams 2 () (be) the only way to communicate. The invention of the telephone 3 () (make) communication much easier and faster. Today, more and more people 4 () (use) their own smartphones. Look around you: how many people 5 () (use) a smartphone right now? If you have one, you can send a message to friends and family members around the world within seconds. You can even enjoy video chats with them. You will never 6 () (feel) lonely even if you are alone at home. In fact, smartphones are very common, so traditional types of communication like letters, telegrams, and even phone calls 7 () (become) unpopular.

5 Complete the dialog. Use the verbs in the correct form.

Daiki: What 8 () you want to do this weekend?
Sarah: Well, I'm not sure. I 9 () (not/decide) yet. How about you?
Daiki: I 10 () (play) in the school band on Saturday. We 11 () (have) a concert.
Sarah: Oh, are you? What instrument 12 () you / play?
Daiki: I play the trumpet. I 13 () (play) the trumpet for four years. Do you want to come to our concert?
Sarah: Thanks, but I think I 14 () (stay) home on Saturday. I want to study Japanese. I 15 () (take) a test this Sunday.
Daiki: Well, okay. So, do you want to do something with me next Sunday instead?
Sarah: What could we do?
Daiki: How about going to Yokohama? We can visit Chinatown if you 16 () (want).
Sarah: That 17 () (sound) nice. I 18 () (never/be) there. I 19 () (could) get something for my Mom's birthday there.
Daiki: Sure, I'll go with you.

6 Write your answer to this question in two or three sentences.
Do you belong to a club? If yes, what do you do in it? If not, what do you usually do after school?

7 Listen to the dialog and choose the right picture.

a. b.

4 技能演習 Practical Training! (『33 アースライズ英文法』)

1 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. Use the verbs in the box in the correct form.

1. be meet
Taku and I are good friends for a long time. We first met at elementary school.

2. find hurry
Yesterday when I was home from school, I found that I didn't have my smartphone with me. I thought I left it in my classroom. I hurry back to school. It was on my desk.

3. be look not meet visit
I looked at my grandparents in Nagano this summer. I visited them since I was ten, so I'm very excited. They are surprised when they see me. I will much more grow up now.

4. wait wait
When your plane arrives, my assistant will to meet you at the airport. (will wait)
5. wait wait
I waited of visiting Spain until I saw a TV program about Gaudi's architecture. (waited)
6. wait wait
I never think had never thought. (never think)

本課数レッスンに 1 回、大学入試や資格・検定試験を意識した演習問題のページをご用意。