



V CHECK	入試頻出問題の確認
次の()から適当なものを選びなさい.	
☐ She (resembles/is resembling) her mother in appearance	ce.
☐ If it (is/will be/were) fine tomorrow, I'll go shopping d	lowntown.
☐ My sister (leaves/left/had left) for work an hour ago.	
☐ The phone rang when I (have taken / taking / was taking	g) a shower.
☐ I (am living/live/have lived) in Osaka since I was born	i.
□6 When I got to the classroom, the lesson (already begins	s/has already begun/
had already begun).	
● 進行形にできない動詞 have 『もっている』、know 「知っている」、res	semble「似ている」,belong
to「~に属している」、like「~が好きである」など状態を表す動詞。	
② 条件・時を表す副詞節の中の時制─未来の内容でも現在形 → If ~「もし~	
過去形と過去を表す語句 → an hour ago は過去を表す語句なので、動詞	1も過去形のものを選ぶ.
● 過去進行形 → 「~しているところだった」と過去に進行中の動作を表す	
母 現在完了形〈have+過去分詞〉・・・「(現在までずっと)~し続けている」と	
に「(今までに)~したことがある」という(経験),「(ちょうど)~したとこ	[ろだ, ~してしまった]とい
う〈完了・結果〉の意味がある。	
⑤ 過去完了形(had+過去分詞) → 過去のある時点を基準として、それま	での動作の完了・経験・状態
の継続や過去よりも以前のことを表す.	
[答] ① resembles ② is ③ left ① was taking ⑤ have lived ⑥	had already begun

Ø	次の各文の空所に入る最も適当なものを 1 つずつ選びなさい.					
1.	When () her last?					
	① have you seen	② did you see	3 had you seen	4 will you see	(神奈川工科大)	
2.	"Hurry up, Junko.	The bus ()	here in a few mir	nutes."		
	① come	② will	③ was	4 will be	(湘南工科大 改)	
3.	Surely, the train () the station	; there is nobody (on the platform.		
	① has left	2 leaves	3 has started	4 starting	(関西学院大)	
4.	I don't know if he	() tomorrow	or not.		*	
	(1) g ₀	② will go	3 won't go	4 has gone	(湘南工科大 改)	



5.	On Friday nights I usually () some money from	the bank and then	go to the
	supermarket.			
	① withdrew ② withdraw	③ am withdrawing	4 shall withdraw	(國學院大)
6.	. We () dinner when she came to see me.			
	① have ② are having	3 were having	4 having had	(駒澤大)
7.	I () in Australia for five years when I was a child.			
	① was ② will be	3 am staying	4 have been	(駒澤大)
8.	I () to Thailand, though m	y sister went there two	years ago.	
	① ever have gone	2 have never been		
	3 have never went	4 ever have been		(獨協大)
9.	He told me that he () the a	accident the day before.		
٥.	① saw ② had seen	③ came across	4 had	(岩手医科大)
		_	O	
10.	You are late. We () for you	ou for an hour.		
	① waited	② had waited		
	3 have been waited	4 have been waiting		(広島工業大)
11.	My daughter is out now. Plea	se wait here until she () back.	
	① will come ② is coming	g ③ comes	4 will be coming	(麻布大 改)
12.	I went back to the store, but s	omeone () that cam	iera.	
		ht ③ was bought		(愛知淑徳大)
10	By next week you () the p	ackane.		
13.			have received	d (南山大)
	① will have received ② re		,	
14.	"Have you ever eaten snails?"	"Yes, I () some at	: Mary's party last w	reek."
	① eat ② ate	3 have eaten	4 had eaten	(杏林大)
15.	Ben () Japanese archery i	for five years before he	came to Japan.	
	① had been practicing ② has been practicing			
	③ is practicing	4 practicing		(近畿大)



₿	次の各文の下線部には誤っている箇所が1つずつある。その番号を指摘し、正しい形に直したさい。	æ
16.	⊕When I was ein college, I was belonging to the tennis club. (札幌大	:)
17.	$I_{\underline{\phi}}\underline{don't}$ think the situation $\underline{\phi}\underline{had}_{\underline{\phi}}\underline{changed}$ much since $I_{\underline{\phi}}\underline{came}$ to this town.	
	(青山学院大	;)
18.	I had <u>just</u> <u>finished</u> my breakfast <u>when</u> the telephone <u>has rung</u> . (明海大	;)
19.	When I $_{0}$ first met Yoko, she $_{2}$ has been working $_{3}$ for this hospital $_{4}$ for fifteen years (埼玉医科大	
20.	He _① <u>will</u> _② <u>write to</u> me _③ <u>as soon as</u> he _④ <u>will return</u> to his country. (明海大	:)
0	次の日本文の意味を表すように()内の語句を並べかえなさい.	
21.	兄はもう10年以上海外に行っている.	
	(since/ten/passed/than/years/more/have) my brother went abroad.	c)
22.	お天気になりそうな様子です。	
	It looks as if (clear/going/is/to/up/it).	
	(帝京才	t)
23.		
	Tomorrow we (are/beach/going/it/rains/the/to/unless)(金沢工業力	(ح)
24.	デビッドは宿題をしている間に眠ってしまった.	
	David (he/doing/while/was/homework/his/fell asleep).	
	(高崎経済大 改	t)
25.	先日なくしたと言っていた本は見つかりましたか.	
	(the book/the/you found/you said/you had lost/have/other) day?	
	(東海大 8	友)